## In the claims:

Please cancel, without prejudice, previously withdrawn claims 3-24 and 28-34.

- 1. (Previously presented) A method of promoting angiogenesis in a subject animal comprising administering to the subject an angiogenic amount of a hedgehog agonist.
- 2. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of administering comprises contacting the hedgehog agonist with a mesenchymal cell of the subject.

## 3-24. (Cancelled)

- 25. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the hedgehog agonist is a small organic molecule.
- 26. (Original) The method of claim 25, wherein the hedgehog agonist has a molecular weight less than 2500 amu.

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27. (Currently amended) The method of claim 25, wherein the hedgehog agonist is represented by general formula (XII):

Formula XII

wherein, as valence and stability permit,

Ar and Ar' independently represent substituted or unsubstituted aryl or heteroaryl rings;

Y, independently for each occurrence, is absent or represent -N(R)-, -O-, -S-, or -Se-;

X is selected from -C(=O)-, -C(=S)-,  $-S(O_2)$ -, -S(O)-, -C(=NCN)-,  $-P(=O)(OR_2)$ -, and a methylene group optionally substituted with 1-2 groups such as lower alkyl, alkenyl, or alkynyl groups;

M represents, independently for each occurrence, a substituted or unsubstituted methylene group, or two M taken together represent substituted or unsubstituted ethene or ethyne;

R represents, independently for each occurrence, H or substituted or unsubstituted aryl, heterocyclyl, heteroaryl, aralkyl, heteroaralkyl, alkynyl, alkenyl, or alkyl, or two R taken together may form a 4- to 8-membered ring;

Cy and Cy' <u>independently</u> independently represent substituted or unsubstituted aryl, heterocyclyl, heteroaryl, or cycloalkyl, including polycyclic groups;

i represents, independently for each occurrence, an integer from 0 to 5; and n, individually for each occurrence occurrence, represents an integer from 0 to 10.

## 28-34. (Cancelled)

- 35. (Previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein said small organic molecule agonizes hedgehog signal transduction via an interaction with any of hedgehog, patched, gli, or smoothened.
- 36. (Previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein said small organic molecule agonizes hedgehog signal transduction via an interaction with *smoothened*.
- 37. (Previously presented) The method of claim 27, wherein said small organic molecule agonizes hedgehog signal transduction via an interaction with any of hedgehog, patched, gli, or smoothened.
- 38. (Previously presented) The method of claim 27, wherein said small organic molecule agonizes hedgehog signal transduction via an interaction with *smoothened*.